



逢甲大學 102 學年度 進修學士班招生考試試題

科目

英文

【注意事項】

- 1、本試題共 50 題，每題 2 分，共 100 分，答錯不倒扣。
- 2、本試題均為單一選擇題，每題都有(A)、(B)、(C)、(D)四個選項，請選出一個最適當的答案，然後在答案卡上同一題號相對位置方格內，用 2B 鉛筆全部塗黑。
- 3、考完後將「答案卡」及「試題」一併繳回。

【答案卡填寫注意事項】

- 1、答案卡畫記時，必須用黑色 2B 軟心鉛筆，畫記要清晰，且須畫滿方格但不超出格外。更正時，請用橡皮擦完全擦拭乾淨，再行畫記，切勿使用修正液或修正帶。

畫記範例

正確



不正確



- 2、答案卡非採用黑色 2B 軟心鉛筆畫記或畫記不明顯、污損、折疊、捲角、撕毀等情事，致讀卡機無法辨識者，其責任自負，不得提出異議。
- 3、答案卡邊緣之黑色條紋及黑點，不得任意增減或污損。
- 4、考生不得竄改答案卡上之應考證號碼，違者該科不予計分。

逢甲大學102學年度進修學士班【筆試入學】招生考試試題

編號：進學班筆2-01

科目	英文	適用 系列	商學進修學士班商學組 室內與景觀設計進修學士班 土木工程學系營建工程及不動產 物業管理進修學士班	時間	80分鐘
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※ 請務必在答案卷作答區內作答 ※ 共 5 頁第 1 頁

I. Vocabulary: Complete each of the following sentences with the most appropriate word. (30%)

- Many stray dogs are _____ by their masters.
A. complained B. distributed C. expected D. abandoned
- People of that country don't know how to _____ their natural resources.
A. realize B. prefer C. preserve D. reserve
- After speaking only in English for the whole class, the English teacher _____ the student.
A. succeeded B. praised C. rescued D. rejoiced
- Hearing dogs for the _____ can be very helpful for those who have a hearing problem.
A. deaf B. blind C. dumb D. disabled
- In Taiwan, a smart phone has become a _____ to many people. They cannot do without it.
A. strength B. benefit C. fad D. necessity
- After the quarrel they came to a _____ understanding and became friends eventually.
A. anxious B. restless C. mutual D. curious
- The police encouraged drivers to take an alternate route in order to reduce traffic _____.
A. digestion B. congestion C. suggestion D. ingestion
- Being _____ to sleep properly at night is one of the symptoms of stress.
A. unable B. enable C. disable D. able
- My friends and I enjoyed our trip to Japan last summer because the _____ was so breathtaking that we took numerous photos during the trip.
A. ladder B. scenery C. entrance D. message
- The weather here is usually _____, so people don't need to wear heavy clothes in the winter.
A. severe B. historic C. mild D. intense
- Ted is expecting a _____ as he will have worked for two years in our company by the end of next month.
A. raise B. rise C. rouse D. risen
- I feel great _____ for people who are sick and poor, and I've always wanted to help them.
A. excuse B. hunger C. comfort D. sympathy
- Not until we arrived at the airport were we _____ that the flight had been canceled.
A. doubted B. promised C. informed D. agreed
- Catherine is a very shy and quiet girl; she _____ talks to strangers at a party.
A. always B. hardly C. frequently D. constantly
- If you do not find the accommodations here _____, please let our staff know right away.
A. prompt B. anniversary C. inevitable D. satisfactory

II. Grammar and Structure: Choose the most appropriate one from the four answers. (30%)

16. Wearing sneakers is _____ than wearing high heels.
 A. more comfortable B. the more comfortable
 C. most comfortable D. the most comfortable
17. If you take High Speed Rail from Taichung, you _____ Taipei in 40 minutes.
 A. are reaching B. will reach C. reach D. have reached
18. He didn't know the word, chic, and _____.
 A. neither I did B. either I did C. neither did I D. either did I
19. He asked me how much _____ about the global warming.
 A. knowing B. does I know C. do I know D. I know
20. Do you think he is _____ to pass the examination?
 A. clever enough B. enough clever C. so clever D. cleverer
21. My aunt, _____ you spoke to yesterday, is a teacher.
 A. who B. whom C. that D. which
22. There _____ hundreds of fans waiting in line for the concert.
 A. has B. have C. are D. is
23. His company recently went bankrupt; _____, he didn't lose heart.
 A. As a result B. otherwise C. furthermore D. nevertheless
24. I am sorry. We don't have the skirt _____ blue.
 A. on B. of C. at D. in
25. I'll visit my old friend Sara this weekend, and she's going to come along and _____ the night with us.
 A. spent B. is spend C. spending D. spend
26. The meeting was so lengthy and _____ that half of the staff members fell asleep.
 A. bore B. boring C. bored D. boredom
27. The new manager is not as serious _____ the old one; she is certainly more friendly.
 A. as B. so C. like D. than
28. If I were you, I _____ not give up the chance of going abroad.
 A. will B. am C. would D. would have
29. Our annual meeting will be held on _____ Friday, December 15 or Monday, December 18.
 A. both B. the C. either D. neither
30. It _____ that our sales figure this year will go up by 5 percent.
 A. is believing B. is believed C. believes D. believed

III. Reading Comprehension: Read the following passages and then answer the questions below. (40%)

A.

What is fusion cuisine?

Fusion is putting together at least two different things. Fusion cuisine refers to combining ingredients—and sometimes cooking techniques—from more than one culture. This could mean adding an unusual spice to a traditional dish, or it could mean using different ways of preparing food and ingredients from a variety of cultures.

Fusion cuisine became popular in restaurants in the 1970s. While many people think it is a new discovery, the idea has actually existed for hundreds of years. European explorers brought “exotic” foods like tomatoes, oranges, and rice back from their travels. People liked these foods so much that they began using them in traditional European menus.

The key to great fusion is choosing the best elements of various cultures' cooking and combining these to create new dishes. The goal is to come up with new, interesting dishes that surprise and delight our tastes.

One example of fusion cuisine is adding spicy chilies from Latin America to traditional Asian dishes, such as Japanese hand rolls with jalapenos. Another popular result of fusion is the wrap. Tortillas, originally from Mexico, are now filled with everything from teriyaki beef to curried chicken.

Anyone can create fusion cuisine. Make flavor and excitement your goals. Remember: Variety is the spice of life!

31. What do you need to make fusion cuisine?
- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| A. an ingredient from another culture | B. tomatoes, oranges, or rice |
| C. spicy chilies from Latin America | D. the wrap |
32. How many different cultures can you combine in fusion cuisine?
- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|
| A. at least three | B. one | C. two or more | D. more than five |
|-------------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|
33. What is the basic idea of fusion cuisine?
- | |
|---|
| A. to imitate dishes from other cultures |
| B. to create new dishes |
| C. to learn more about different cultures |
| D. to make more money |
34. When did fusion cuisine become popular?
- | | |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| A. in the 1970s | B. recently—it is a new idea |
| C. 2 decades ago | D. more than 100 years ago |
35. Who can make fusion cuisine?
- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------|
| A. everyone | B. European explorers | C. chefs | D. Europeans |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------|

B.

People talk a lot, but 60 percent of all our communication is nonverbal (without words). There are about 700,000 ways to communicate nonverbally. For about a third of those ways we use our faces. Our eyes, eyebrows, noses, mouths, and eyelids can say a lot. We also use at least 5,000 hand gestures, the third way we communicate nonverbally is through body movement—the way we sit or stand, and even how far we stand from someone.

Gestures have different purposes. They give instructions or warnings. For example, if you hold up the palm of your hand toward someone, it means "Don't come here!" or "Stay back!" Gestures also communicate warmth. A smile means "I like you" or "Welcome." A handshake says "Hello." Finally, body language, such as a thumb pointing down or a frown, can express negative feelings.

Although gestures are easy to make, they can be very confusing across cultures. For example, in the United States, it's polite to look people in the eye when you talk to them. This look says, "I'm listening to you" and "I am honest." However, in many Asian countries, it is impolite to look someone in the eye.

36. Paragraph 1 talks about _____.
- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. meanings of gestures | B. nonverbal communication |
| C. types of gestures | D. communication |
37. What is the main idea of paragraph 3?
- | |
|---|
| A. Gestures do not always communicate the same thing in different countries. |
| B. It's not always polite to look people in the eye when you are talking to them. |
| C. In Asia countries, it is impolite to make eye contact. |
| D. Gestures express unhappiness as well as warmth. |

38. According to the reading, which of the following is *not* true?
- Gestures communicate many things.
 - More than half of our communications are done without talking.
 - Gestures are the same around the world.
 - Thirty percent of all gestures are facial gestures.
39. Nonverbal communication _____.
- is not polite
 - is the same from culture to culture
 - uses thirty facial expressions
 - includes how we stand
40. It is not polite to look someone in the eye _____.
- in a lot of countries
 - in a lot of countries in Asia
 - in the United States
 - only in the United States

C.

Walt Disney

One of the most well-known people for children all over the world is an American animator, Walt Disney. Disney was born on December 5th, 1901 in Chicago, Illinois, the United States of America. Disney had interests in art from a very early age, and he would sell pictures he drew to his neighbors and family friends. In 1919, when he returned from France working for the Red Cross, he started working as a newspaper artist. At the same time, he also worked in different studios, creating animated shorts. Finally, in the year of 1923, the Walt Disney Company was founded in Los Angeles, California. The Disney Studio **produced** a lot of memorable characters, but probably the most lovable and popular, would be a black and white mouse, named Mickey Mouse.

The world-famous cartoon character, Mickey Mouse, made his debut on November 18, 1928, in a talking picture called "Steamboat Willie." The first words Mickey Mouse said were, "Hot Dog!" Mickey is now over 80 years old, and normally he is dressed in red shorts with two buttons in the front, big yellow shoes and white gloves. Since the first cartoon with Mickey in it was released, Mickey Mouse has starred in over 120 Disney Cartoons.

However, creating cartoon characters was not enough for Disney. He had always dreamed of building a place where the whole family could have fun while feeling safe. In the 1950s, Walt Disney built a big park for children in California, which is known today as Disneyland. In 1971, the first Disney World was opened in Florida. Even after Disney's death, his company kept on growing and growing. Today, **it** still produces many movies and has its own TV channels and radio stations all over the world.

41. What is this article mainly about?
- The history of animation
 - The purpose of building the Disney World
 - Walt Disney, the famous movie maker's life
 - The clothing style of Mickey Mouse
42. In what year was the Disney Company founded?
- 1901
 - 1919
 - 1923
 - 1928
43. Where was the first Disney World built?
- Chicago
 - Florida
 - Los Angeles
 - France
44. What does the word "**produce**" in the first paragraph mean?
- make
 - play
 - choose
 - sell
45. Which of the following does "**it**" in the last paragraph refer to?
- Mickey Mouse
 - Walt Disney

- C. The Disney Company
D. Red Cross
46. According to the article, which of the following sentences is true?
A. Walt Disney was born in France and moved to the United States of America in 1919.
B. Walt Disney was not interested in drawing when he was very young.
C. Mickey Mouse usually dresses in white shorts and red gloves.
D. The Walt Disney Company kept growing after Walt Disney died.

D.

To: Robert Anderson <rober.anderson@kimpublishers.com>
From: Lisa Silva <l.silva@mailster.com>
Subject: Application
Date: June 22, 2013
<p>Dear Mr. Anderson,</p> <p>I am interested in applying for the position of sales representative at KIM Publishers as advertised in yesterday's paper. As requested, I am enclosing a completed job application, my résumé, and two references.</p> <p>As you can see from the attached resume, I have been working as a sales assistant at ABC Sports Company for three years, where I learned how to communicate with clients of different needs and how to deal with customer complaints properly. I received a business degree from Feng Chia University four years ago, and worked as an intern in River Run Advertising Company before getting a job at ABC.</p> <p>I am particularly interested in the position you advertised, as I would like to become involved with a large company, and I feel that I could be a valuable asset to your team.</p> <p>Thank you for your time and consideration. Please let me know if you require further information. I look forward to hearing from you.</p> <p>Best Regards,</p> <p>Lisa Silva</p>

47. What does the KIM Publishers probably **NOT** ask job applicants to attach in an email?
A. Job application
B. Certification
C. Resume
D. Reference letters
48. What is said about Lisa Silva?
A. She just graduated from college.
B. She has no experience in sales.
C. She is not very confident about herself.
D. She holds a degree in business.
49. When did the advertisement appear in the newspaper?
A. June 20 B. June 21 C. June 22 D. June 23
50. Where does Lisa work now?
A. At a publishing company
B. At a college
C. At a sports company
D. At an advertising company